

# Challenges and Lessons Learned in Implementing Blue Carbon Projects

Sarah K. Mack, PhD, CFM Robert R. Lane, PhD

# **Tierra Resources**

- Mission: To conserve, protect, and restore coastal wetland ecosystems by creating innovative solutions that support investment into blue carbon
- About Us: Founded in 2007. Recognized innovator and quality leader in the research, development, and monetization of blue carbon.
- Tierra International Foundation: 501(c)3 Founded in 2016



# Webinar Overview

- Carbon Market Opportunities study
  - Eligible restoration techniques
  - Wetland restoration carbon modeling
  - Prevented wetland loss carbon modeling
  - Potential offset volumes
- The 5 biggest challenges
- Local project examples
  - Black mangrove air seeding
  - Luling wetland assimilation



# Carbon Market Opportunities for Louisiana's Coastal Wetlands





**Carbon Market Opportunities** for Louisiana's Coastal Wetlands

- Evaluate commercial potential of blue carbon in LA
  - Identify scalable wetland carbon restoration methods
  - Carbon impacts of incorporating prevented wetland loss
  - Determine Louisiana's potential offset supply
  - Develop financial estimates of Louisiana's blue carbon
  - Identify information needs
    - Future scientific research
    - Wetland carbon offset programs





# Restoration of Degraded Deltaic Wetlands of the Mississippi Delta

Sarah K. Mack, PhD, CFM Robert R. Lane, PhD John W. Day, PhD

2012







### Wetland Carbon Restoration Techniques

- River Diversions
- Hydrologic Restoration
- Marsh Creation
- Wetland Assimilation
- Mangrove Plantings

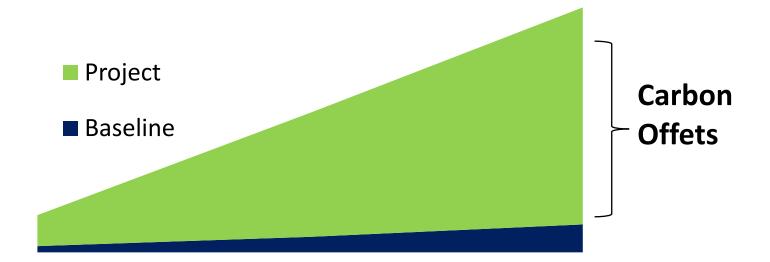






# **Key Equation**

Carbon Offset = Project Cseq – Baseline Cseq



**Carbon Offset =**  $C_{ACR,t} = (\Delta C_{ACTUAL} - \Delta C_{BSL}) * (1-LK) * (1 - UNC)$ 





# Carbon Offsets (mtCO<sub>2</sub>e/ac/yr)

Developed a database of C seq rates from MRD wetlands Entirely from peer reviewed scientific literature

Restoration technique	Baseline C Seq.	Project C Seq.	Net Offset
Marsh creation	Data unavailable		
Hydro/diversion forested	4.7	8.5	3.8
Hydro/diversion emergent	3.2	4.0	0.8
Wetland assimilation forested	4.7	11.7	7.0
Wetland assimilation emergent	3.2	6.3	3.1
Mangrove planting	3.8	5.8	2.0





### **Potential Offset Volume**

- Carbon sequestration rates were applied to the potential restoration acreage as determined by:
  - Louisiana's Coastal Master Plan for a Sustainable Coast
  - Potential project development analyses and mapping:
    - Mangrove planting
    - Wetland assimilation
- 20% buffer deduction was applied
  - Can range from 10% to > 50%
- 50 year project length:
  - Corresponds with Louisiana's Coastal Master Plan for a Sustainable Coast
  - \*ACR requires a 40-year crediting period and 40-year project life



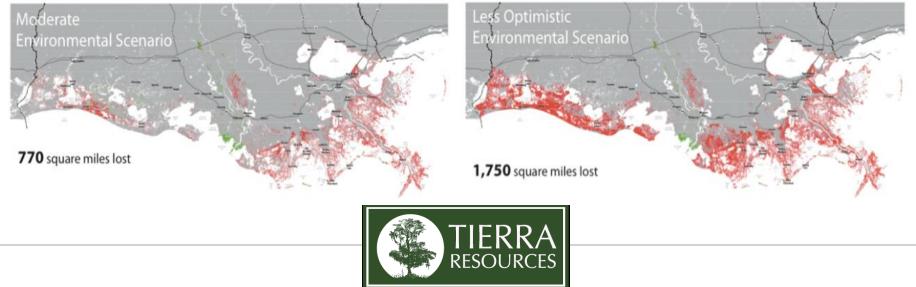


### Prevented Wetland Loss Offset Volume

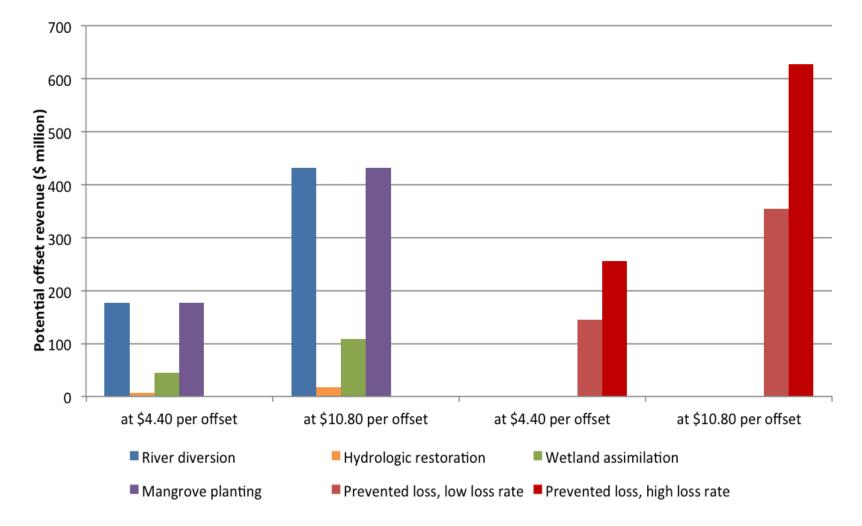
- Louisiana's Coastal Master Plan for a Sustainable Coast modeled a 'future without action" over a 50-year time frame
- Two scenarios:
  - 'moderate scenario' = low loss rate
  - 'less optimistic scenario' = high loss rate
- Top 50 cm of wetland soil horizon ~ 200 mtCO<sub>2</sub>e/ac
- 25-75% of carbon in top 50 cm of sediment
- 20,000,000-100,000,000 mtCO<sub>2</sub>e over 50 years

#### low loss rate

#### high loss rate

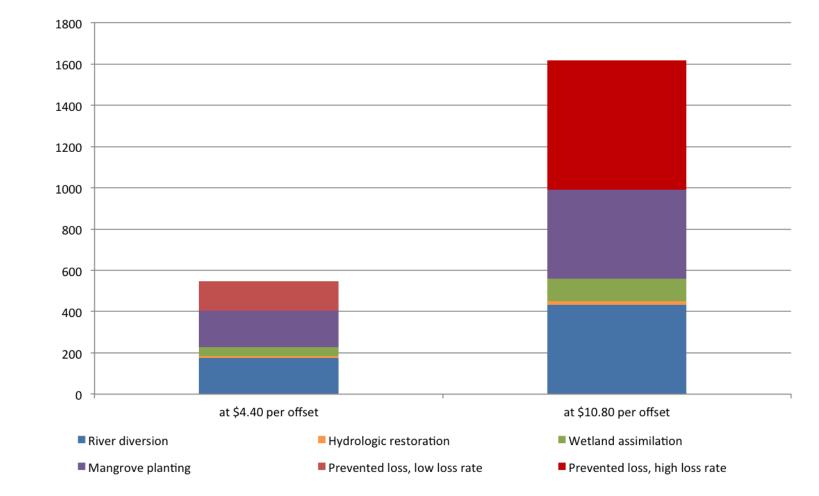


### **Restoration vs. Prevented Loss**



Over 1.8 million offsets per year – almost 92 million offsets over 50 years! (20% buffer deduction)

### Enhancement and Prevented Loss "Stackable"



# **Factors Influencing Funding**

- Price of the carbon offset
- Inclusion of wetlands in California's compliance market
- Incorporating prevented wetland loss in carbon accounting
- The amount of wetlands that can be successfully restored for the project life
- Costs for developing a project
- Eligibility rules
  - Start date
  - Easement type
  - Use of federal funds
  - Buffer deductions

# Challenge 1. Cost of Restoration



# **Cost of Restoration**

<b>Restoration Technique</b>	<b>Restoration Cost / Acre</b>	
River diversions	\$20,000/acre	
Hydrologic management	\$4,000/acre	
Marsh creation	\$156,000/acre	
Mangrove restoration in FL	\$70,000/acre	
Mangrove air seeding	\$3,000/acre	

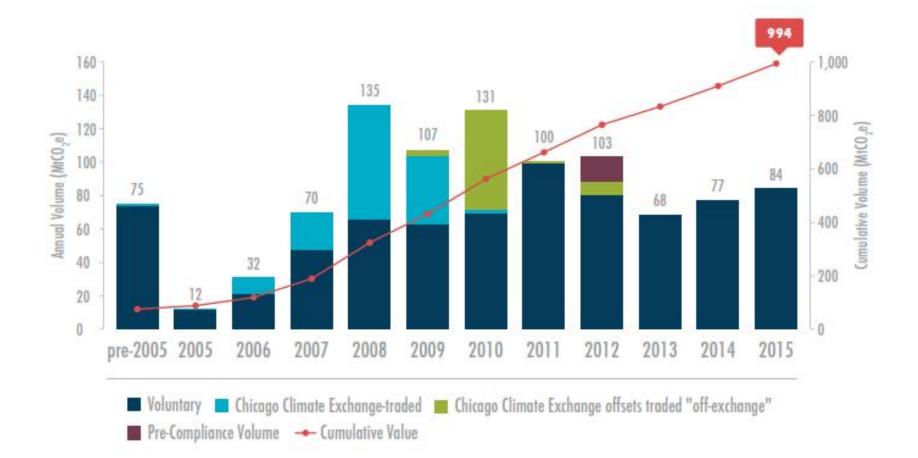
Source: Coastal Master Plan, USACE, Tierra



Challenge 2. Market Dynamics

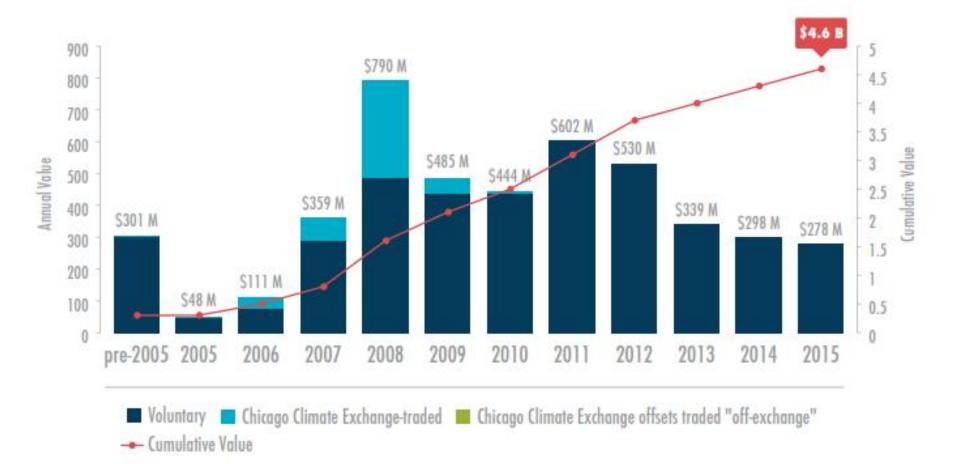


### **Overall Voluntary Market Growth of 10%**



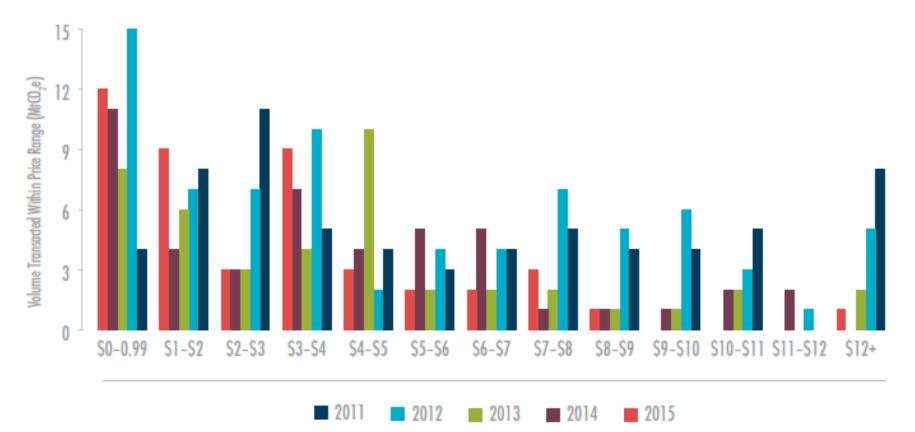
#### Source: Ecosystem Marketplace 2016

### Lower Overall Market Value of \$278 M



#### Source: Ecosystem Marketplace 2016

# All-Time Low of \$3.3/tonne



# 52% of all 2015 offsets transacted at less than \$3/tonne Supply greater than demand

Source: Ecosystem Marketplace 2016

# California Compliance Market?

- Predicted shortage of supply
- Price of offset higher

– just-below allowance prices– currently \$12.7/tonne at auction

- Wetlands currently not included
- Need success in voluntary market
- California methodology in certification
- Double verification
- 100 year timeline



# Don't take a long swim... on a super windy day in Barataria Bay just yet;-)



# We still have Paris!

- Countries push to commit beyond 2° C
  - -100 countries collectively aim for 1.5° C
  - -128 subnational jurisdictions also commit
- Sustainable Development Goals referenced — Protecting the environment
- Private sector more present than ever!
- 1000 companies call for a price on carbon —Set "Science-Based Targets"

-Seek to "inset" their supply chain

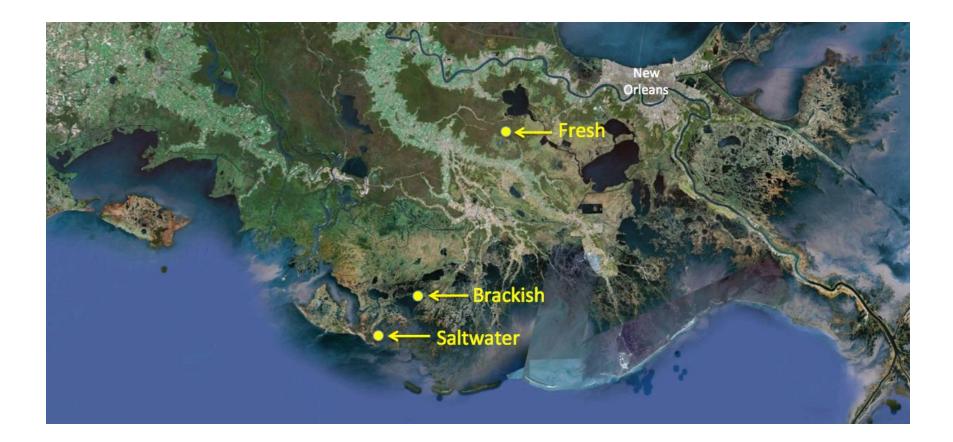


# Challenge 3. Optimizing Offsets



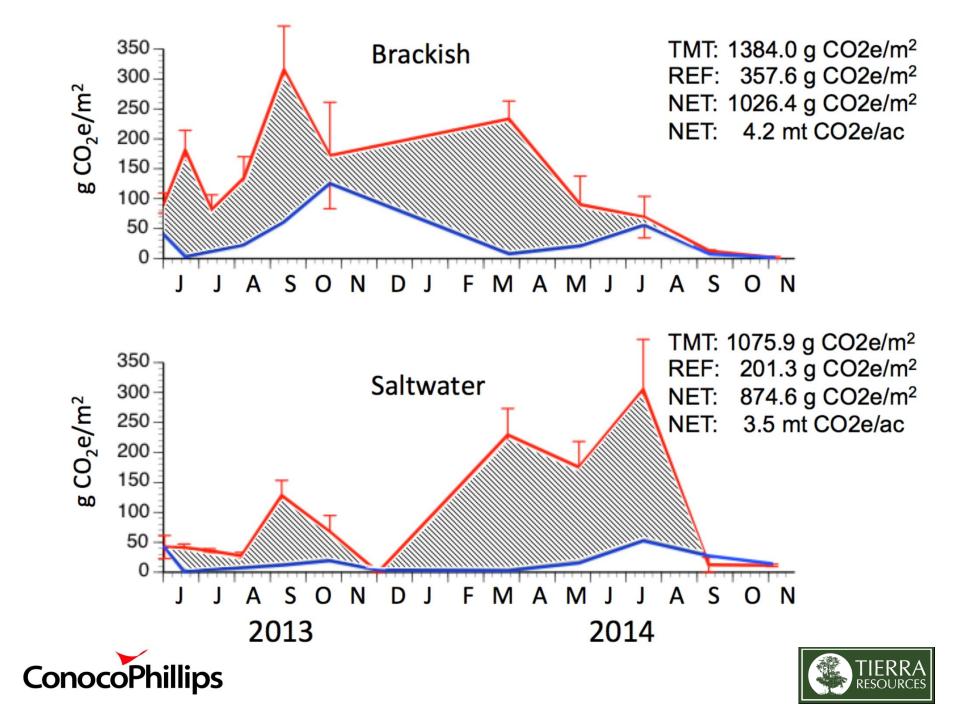


### **Prevented Wetland Loss Research**









Challenge 4. Reduce Project Development Costs and Simplify Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification



# **GHG** Emissions

- Measuring GHG's may be cost prohibitive
  - High variability
  - Costs of towers or operating chambers
- Restoration has no net increase in GHG's
- Further research to justify exclusion of GHG emissions especially methane.
- Holm et al. 2016 used eddy covariance to prove net sink in freshwater wetlands.
- Wetland net sinks over longer time periods.
  - Poffenbarger et al. 2011
  - Whiting and Chanton 2001
  - Mitsch et al. 2013
- Develop regional GHG emission factors



# **Technical Recommendations**

- Modify Louisiana's Coastal Reference Monitoring System (CRMS) program to include carbon offset monitoring parameters
- Develop wetland carbon and GHG emission models
- Database for wetland management info
- Aggregation or grouping of projects to decrease project development costs



Challenge 5. Policy



# **Policy Strategy**

- Costs of restoration exceed carbon revenues.
- Carbon finance to be leveraged with traditional restoration programs.
- New public-private paradigms must be developed
  - Government program?
  - Partnership to match other types of funding
    - Long-term monitoring and maintenance
    - Local cost share
    - Expand a project such as with plantings
- What about additionality?



# **Policy Recommendations**

### Advocate with carbon standards

- Use of federal funds,
- Environmental credit stacking,
- Eligible types of conservation easements,
- Crediting period length for wetland restoration.

Publish lessons learned from existing pilots

- Analyses of costs and benefits
- Examples of public-private paradigms











# **Pilot: Insight Into Ecological Conditions**

- Nested one-acre sites to determine optimal ecological conditions
- 10 planted seedling and broadcast propagule sites 2012 & 2014
- 5 aerial dispersal sites 2012 & 2013







# Mangrove Air Seeding Successful!

- 1<sup>st</sup> globally to successfully use crop duster airplanes
- A fraction of the cost of conventional restoration
- Mangrove roots prevent erosion and reduce hurricane surge







# **Determining Scalability**

- LiDAR remote sensing = 5cm resolution
- Developed equation for optimal mangrove establishment
- Further incorporated:
  - Eustatic sea level rise
  - Localized subsidence
  - Localized accretion from pilot sites
- Could not incorporate:
  - Edge erosion
  - Increased rates of sea level rise

#### Window of Opportunity

Dularge/Terrebonne West = 31-59 years Dularge/Terrebonne East = 21-31 years Leeville Port Fourchon = 14-21 years

Dularge/Terrebonne West

> Dularge/Terrebonne East

DOES NOT INCLUDE EDGE EROSION OR INCREASED RATE OF SEA LEVEL RISE!

Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO Image © 2012 DigitalGlobe

eeville Port Fourchon

#### **Billions of Assets at Risk**

- \$499 billion in oil & gas assets vulnerable in Gulf Coast
- \$23.4 billion annual losses in Louisiana by year 2050 with no coastal restoration
- Port Fourchon national impacts 3 weeks of no service —\$11.2 billion sales,
  - -\$3.1 billion household earnings,
  - -65,000 jobs nationally
  - -95% tonnage oil and gas related
- Land base of Louisiana Offshore Oil Port (LOOP)
  - Pipeline to 50% of U.S. refining capability

Source: Building a Resilient Energy Gulf Coast (2010);CWPRA (2012); GLPC (2014)

# Scaling to 30,000 Acres in 10 years!

- Developed a proprietary seeding tool
- 40,000 acres ideal conditions today
- 30,000 acres is realistic
- Need to prioritize Port Fourchon region
  - Least sustainable wetlands
  - Most vulnerable infrastructure
  - Largest economic impacts
- Start scaling the technology fall 2016







# **Carbon Market Challenges**

- Proving scalability
- Reducing costs
  - \$3,000 acre
  - Can't fund entirely with carbon
- 40-100 year timeline?
- Quantifying co-benefits
- Strategic partnerships
- New public-private paradigms







# **Going Big or Losing Home**

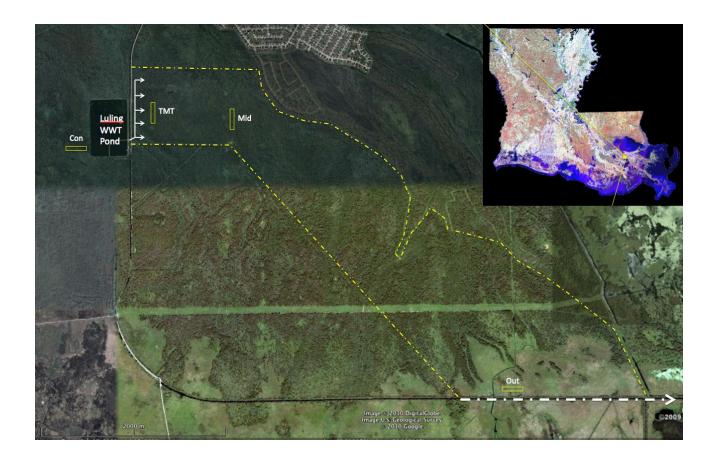
- Bigger, faster impact
- Most cost-efficient
- Increase community resilience
- Protect critical infrastructure
- Youth outreach mentorship program







## Luling Wetland Carbon Pilot!









# Moving Forward

- Creating a win-win transaction!
- Justify omitting GHG's
  - Holm et al. 2016
- Addressing additionality
- Long-term commitments?
- Stack nutrient credits
- Prove the concept
- Peer-reviewed article in 2016







#### **Final Conclusions**

- Recent developments show growing recognition of wetlands' role in climate change mitigation.
- There is significant offset supply in Louisiana.
- Louisiana is at the forefront of blue carbon initiatives globally.
- Open to collaboration to implement projects.
- Provide input into research activities.
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## Investing in Our Livelihood!









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