

Introduction to Blue Carbon: Science, Offsets and Opportunity

Stefanie Simpson August 24, 2017

Who we are





www.estuaries.org

Tidal Wetland Ecosystem Services



- ✓ Increased resilience
- ✓ Key marine habitat
- Improved water quality
- \checkmark Shoreline protection
- ✓ Climate Mitigation





















What Is Blue Carbon?









"Blue Carbon"

The greenhouse gases (GHGs) stored in, sequestered by, and released from coastal marine ecosystems such as seagrasses, mangroves, salt marsh and other tidal wetlands.

<u>Goal:</u>

Enhance management of, and Increase public and private investment in coastal habitat restoration and conservation

RAE Blue Carbon Strategy



Introduction into <u>Carbon Markets</u> VCS Requirements Restoration Methodology *Conservation Methodology Demonstration projects* Support <u>Science</u>

Snohomish Estuary Assessment Tampa Assessment

Explore Policy and Regulatory Options

e.g. 'Carbon reserves'

Coordinate Blue Carbon Initiatives

e.g. National/Regional Working Groups Raise <u>Awareness</u> and Build <u>Capacity</u>



Relevant Greenhouse Gases (GHGs)



<u>CO</u>2

Sequestered by plants and stored in plant material and soil

<u>N₂O</u>

Production is anthropogenic in wetlands and estuaries, x300

<u>CH</u>₄

Highly variable at <18 ppt salinity *Insignificant above 18-20 ppt, x 21 - 34



*Poffenbarger et al. (2011) Wetlands; Holm et al. (2016) Wetlands



Ability to build up C stores over time



Blue Carbon Science

Annual Rate of Carbon Burial



McLeod et al. 2011, Frontiers

Blue Carbon Science



Primary Carbon Storage in Soils



Global Habitat Loss



- Global habitat loss 0.7-7% per year (E. Pidgeon, 2009)
- U.S. habitat loss ave 80,000 acres/year (2013 Status and Trends Report, NOAA/FWS)
- Half a billion tons CO₂ released annually (Pendleton et al. 2012)



Why Is Blue Carbon Important?



Drained/degraded wetlands release stored carbon (~500M tons emitted per year) Low restoration rate in the U.S. Driver for increased conservation and restoration ✓ Increased resilience ✓ Key marine habitat ✓ Improved water quality ✓ Shoreline protection ✓ Climate mitigation Climate adaptation



Snohomish Estuary Assessment



What is the blue carbon benefit of estuary restoration?

Current restoration plans of 3,300 acres:

- 2.55 million tons CO₂
- 1-year emissions 500,000 cars

Full restoration 11,600 acres:

- 8.9 million tons CO₂
- 1-year emission 1.7 million cars

Executive summary and Full report available at: www.estuaries.org/bluecarbon-science







Motives are two-fold:

 Achieve real, additional and measurable GHG emission reductions or removals (in support of any ecosystem benefits, ecological, economic, social, etc.)
 Tap into additional funding

Optimizing the carbon finance component should inform the project from the start.

Carbon Offsets





1 Carbon Offset = 1 ton CO₂eq

Voluntary Market





- General requirements & guidance on GHG accounting
- Procedures for validation and verification







<u>Methodologies</u> provide step-by-step requirements for quantifying GHG benefits for a particular project activity

84 mil tons offsets in 2015, \$278 mil



Voluntary Carbon Market



Who is buying offsets? Energy, transportation, finance/insurance, events/entertainment and service sectors)

BUYER SECTOR



- Events/entertainment
- Service industry
- Energy
- Transportation
- Finance/insurance
- Food and beverage
- Communications
- Consumer goods
- Industrial processes (non-energy)
- Government
- Tourism and recreation
- Construction
- Manufacturing
- Other



Rising Ambition: State of Voluntary Carbon Markets 2016. Ecosystem Marketplace.

Voluntary Carbon Market



What type of offsets are selling?



"Companies primarily concerned with cobenefits often seek highly charismatic projects such as those that protect critical (and photogenic) ecosystems or provide benefits to vulnerable people." – Buying In, Ecosys Marketplace 2016.

Rising Ambition: State of Voluntary Carbon Markets 2016. Ecosystem Marketplace.

Voluntary Carbon Market



Where are offset purchases?

Buyers show preference for local offset projects



Buying In: Taking stock of the role of offsets in corporate carbon strategies. 2016. Ecosystem Marketplace.

Tidal Wetland Activities with Climate Benefit



Restoring Wetland Ecosystems (RWE) – reducing emissions and/or inc sequestration in a degraded wetland

Conservation of Intact Wetlands (CIW) – reduce GHGs by avoiding degradation/conversion



Blue Carbon: Low Hanging Fruit



1. Protection of existing stocks Organic soils and biomass

2. Reconnection of impounded waters (formerly tidal) Methane reduction

3. Rewetting of drained organic soil Stopping carbon loss

4. Restoration of wetlands Complimentary with above



Pathway to Market Opportunities





Coastal Wetland Methodologies



- Coastal Wetland Creation (VCS) LA CPRA
- Restoration of Degraded
 Wetlands of the MS Delta (ACR) Tierra Resources
- Global Tidal Wetland and Seagrass Restoration Methodology (VCS) – RAE
- Global Conservation
 Methodology initiated by RAE



Blue Carbon Toolbox





Restoration Methodology

Project Guidebook

Field Manual

These resources and more at www.estuaries.org/bluecarbon-resources

Pilot Projects



Bringing Wetlands to Market

Herring River Restoration Project

- 1000 acres, tidal re-introduction
- Methane emission reductions

Fruit Farm Creek Project

- 300+ mangrove habitat
- Improving hydrology
- CO2 emission reductions + sequestration

http://www.waquoitbayreserve.org/research-mo



Offsets on Public lands



- Precedent transactions on public lands by several state DNRs and USFWS in southeast.
- 80k acres of ag land restored to bottomland hardwood forests with C funding.
- Agencies can accept donations that are conditional on donor claiming C rights.



....if donation is compatible with the agency's mission.

Slide credit: TerraCarbon

Blue Carbon & Sustainability



Sustainability plans in FL

- Resiliency to storms, flooding, SLR
- Action plan for reducing GHGs
- Integrating natural elements for infrastructure improvements
- Increase green space for GHG reduction and resident quality of life

"Triple bottom line benefit – economic prosperity, environmental quality, and community quality of life"



Blue Carbon & Sustainability



Coastal wetland benefits:

- Shoreline stabilization SLR and erosion
- Storm and flood protection Improve CRS rating
- Adaptable to changing coast line (vs hard infrastructure)
- Carbon capture and storage
- Many other ecosystem benefits supporting economy



Florida Blue Carbon: Summary of blue carbon activities

- Florida east coast (academic studies):
- Doughty et al. (2016) Mangrove range expansion rapidly increases coastal wetland carbon storage. Estuaries & Coasts.
 - Examined above- and below-ground C stock in transitional wetlands (marsh-mangrove) in the northern Indian River Lagoon
- Simpson et al. (2017) Carbon storages along a climate-induced coastal wetland gradient. Wetlands.
 - Examined above- and below-ground C stock in transitional wetlands (marsh-mangrove) from West Palm Beach to St. Augustine along FL east coast
- Both studies find greater C stock in mangrove than marsh habitats

- Florida West Coast/SW Florida:
- RAE/ESA Tampa Bay Blue Carbon Study modelling and field assessments around Tampa Bay
- USF/FWC/UCF/UMD Blue Carbon Project funded by USDA Joint Carbon Cycle Science Program (PIs: Smoak, Rosenheim, Moyer, Radabaugh, Chambers, Logamasino)
 - Assessing above-ground carbon stocks in SW Florida (S Charlotte Harbor to Ten Thousand Islands)
 - Assessing below-ground carbon stocks in same locations
 - Assessing long-term sequestration potential and rates of below-ground burial on multiple timescales
- USGS activities
 - SET network (tracks elevation changes) in Tampa Bay and Ten Thousand Islands. Additional below-ground stock assessments
- Fruit farm creek RAE/Rookery Bay/USGS & others
 - Blue carbon feasibility study more on this later

Recognition and Opportunities



Existing Networks:

- U.S. National Working Group led by RAE, NOAA
- N. American CEC Blue Carbon Working Group
- Blue Carbon Initiative (International policy and science wg) led by Conservation International, International Union for Consv of Nature, Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission
- Global Blue Carbon Network and Database CI, USGS, SERC



Blue Carbon National Working Group – May 2015 Meeting

Thank you!





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